

WILSON CABINET TO STAY INTACT

Every Member Except Possibly Gregory Will Stay

BAKER MAY SHIFT TO JUSTICE

Neither McAdoo Nor Houston Will Resign—McCormick For War Head.

McADOO SPEAKS FOR HIMSELF

Washington, Dec. 11.—Every member of President Wilson's Cabinet with the possible exception of Attorney General Gregory is expected to remain in office after March 4, when the President's second term begins. It was learned definitely today that all of them have been or will be asked to keep their posts.

Reports concerning possible resignations have centered chiefly around Secretaries McAdoo, Houston and Baker and the Attorney General. It has been taken for granted that Postmaster General Burleson and Secretaries Lansing, Daniels and Wilson would remain, and indefinite rumors that Secretary Redfield might wish to retire to private business were denied some time ago.

Secretary McAdoo today personally denied that he had any intention of resigning. The reports in his case have been most persistent, in spite of denials by officials close to the President.

Regarding Mr. Houston, it became known that the officials of Washington University at St. Louis have extended his leave of absence as chancellor of that institution so that he can continue as head of the Department of Agriculture. Because of the investigations into the high cost of living and other important work undertaken by Secretary Houston, the President is known to consider his continued service in the Cabinet as highly desirable.

Baker May Be Shifted.
Although Secretary Baker has been credited with a desire to leave the Cabinet, it is learned that in all likelihood he will remain. It is understood, however, that there is a possibility that he may be shifted to the Department of Justice if Mr. Gregory insists on resigning, and that Vance C. McCormick, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, may be placed in charge of the War Department.

In the Attorney General's case the reports about his intention to resign have been very circumstantial, and have been generally accepted by officials as true, although he has given no indication of his intentions. The President has offered Mr. Gregory a seat on the Supreme Court once, and should another vacancy occur during the Administration it is thought probable he would be seriously considered again.

HELEN CANNELL, MYSTERY WOMAN

Hopkinsville, Ky., Dec. 11.—The identity of the woman who died of injuries after an isolated schoolhouse burned near here on the night of November 28, was apparently established today as Miss Helen Cannel, of Alton, Ill. Frank Smith, the Cerulean Springs liverman, it is reported, told the authorities that he had business dealings with her. The woman with her clothing burned off, appeared at the home of a farmer and asked shelter. She said her name was Katherine Denton, but was so badly injured that she could give no coherent account of herself.

Miss Cannel formerly lived in St. Louis, where she ran a confectionery. Smith says she called on him for a loan of money, which he did not have. Smith has been absent on business and says the woman asked him not to divulge her assumed name. He insists that his dealings with the woman was purely business.

Villa Reached Satevo

Mexico, Dec. 7.—Villa reported to have reached Satevo, 70 miles southwest of Chihuahua and 70 miles northwest of Parral, Tuesday, with his loot from Chihuahua City, an officer of General Francisco Gonzales' staff, who accompanied him from Chihuahua City, said.

It was believed at the capital Villa was going to Parral.

A train left here today for Chihuahua City. Many civil employees of the Carranza Government in Chihuahua returned on this train.

Peace Proposed By Germany.

Berlin, Dec. 12 (Sayville Wireless)—Germany and her allies today proposed to enter forthwith into peace negotiations.

The propositions which they will bring forward are, according to Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, appropriate for the establishment of a lasting peace.

WANTS BLOOD OF AMERICANS AND CHINESE

El Paso, Dec. 8.—Jose Bovio, an Italian merchant of Chihuahua City, who arrived last night with his daughter, Francisca Bovio, claimed to have seen and talked with Francisco Villa when Villa went to the Bovio home to ask him to notify all foreign merchants to meet with Villa and arrange a forced loan.

"Villa came to my home," Bovio said today, "and asked us our nationality. The other foreigners present said they were German subjects. Villa turned to me and said: 'You are no German.'"

"I told him I was an Italian. He then asked me to go and tell all of the foreign merchants to meet him at his temporary headquarters to arrange for a forced loan."

Villa said he intended to kill only Americans and Chinese, Bovio said.

Exoricide and Suicide.

Shanks Brookins shot and instantly killed his wife in Hayti, a colored settlement, immediately northeast of Hartford, last Saturday afternoon about 1:30 o'clock. He then turned the weapon on himself and within a short time he was dead.

His wife had sued him for divorce and the case was heard before Circuit Judge Slack Saturday morning touching property rights and support during the pendency of the suit. The court, after hearing the evidence, adjudged the property rights and directed that Shanks pay plaintiff \$10 per month until further order of the court. The plaintiff and defendant then left the court room together and went home.

Soon after arriving home, Brookins' wife and two other parties began to gather up such things as the court had adjudged her to have and while the helpers were absent with a load of furniture, and just as they were nearing the house on return trip, two shots were heard and rushing on up to the door they were met by Brookins, who ordered them not to come in under penalty of death if they did. He then closed the door and while the helpers were discussing what was best to be done another shot was heard in the house, and on going in they found Brookins had fatally wounded himself.

He and his wife were both lying on the floor—his wife dead and he unconscious.

Within a few minutes Sheriff Keown, who had been summoned, was on the scene and remained until Shanks died about an hour thereafter. He never regained consciousness.

New Note To Germany.

Washington, Dec. 8.—The United States is preparing to dispatch a new note to Germany on the submarine question. It was stated authoritatively here today. The note will seek to clear up the whole question of armed merchantmen, which issue has been brought to a head by the torpedoing of the British vessels *Marina* and *Arabia*. In the sinking of the *Marina* six Americans lost their lives.

Beckham Will Work For Bill.

Washington, Dec. 11.—Senator Beckham is receiving telegrams from Paducah, Owensboro, Henderson and other Kentucky cities asking him to support a bill to make the District of Columbia dry. In an authorized statement Beckham said he would not only vote for the measure but would work for it in every possible way.

Bill Hits Kentucky Judge.

Washington, Dec. 7.—Under a bill which the Senate passed today United States Judge Walter Evans, of Kentucky, would be legislated out of office. The bill provides that the President shall retire Federal judges who have reached 70 years and served 10 years on the bench. Judge Evans was born in 1842 and has been on the bench since 1899.

All Federal Agencies Are Called Into Food Inquiries

Washington, Dec. 7.—Virtually every agency for investigating at the Government's command was called upon today to co-operate in a nationwide inquiry into the high cost of living. Besides the federal trade commission and the department of justice, whose field forces are gathering information, the departments of agriculture and commerce and labor were asked for data. The department of agriculture is expected

to give the data of crop yields and food staples in order to determine how far the rise in prices is due to supply and demand.

The department of commerce will give statistics of the export and domestic trade. The department of labor will show wage advances and other factors which would enable workers to meet higher prices. The attorney general's office said that the investigation will be expedited as rapidly as possible.

TOBACCO WAREHOUSE AND CONTENTS LOST

Destroyed By Fire Wednesday At Leitchfield, Entailing a Loss of \$8,500.

Leitchfield, Ky., Dec. 14.—The tobacco warehouse on Mill street burned down Wednesday morning together with about \$7,500 worth of tobacco. The fire was discovered at about 5:30 o'clock by Morrison Kennedy thirty minutes after the night shift of hands had quit work. Kennedy had entered the office room and was asleep and was awakened by fire falling on him. The fire evidently started in the upper story from a defective flue, and was beyond control when discovered.

A large number of near-by residents arrived in a few minutes after the alarm was given and by heroic effort the fire was confined to the one building.

An inventory of the contents of the warehouse last Saturday showed about \$7,000 worth of tobacco in the house at that time and a large quantity was delivered Monday and Tuesday. The amount of insurance carried on tobacco was \$6,300.

J. C. Moorman owned the tobacco while the warehouse was owned by the Leitchfield Equity Pooling Company, the building being insured for \$1,000.

Mr. Moorman's loss figured on profits and actual loss on tobacco amounts to more than four thousand dollars. Mr. Moorman immediately began receiving tobacco at H. R. Jones' barn and Lloyd Vanort's.

W. L. Bozarth, who lives out at the Fair grounds, lost his entire crop of tobacco which was housed in the warehouse, with no insurance.

PUBLIC LANDS BEING TAKEN BY HOMESEEKERS

Washington, Dec. 7.—Public lands in the United States are being taken up by homeseekers in rapidly increasing quantities as shown in the annual report of Secretary of the Interior Lane made public today. Twenty million acres were claimed by private owners in the year ending with June 30, as against 17,000,000 for each of the preceding two years and a still smaller average for previous years.

Of the 250,000,000 acres of public land still left in the United States much is in the arid region. The Reclamation Service carried on construction work on twenty-four irrigation projects, completing ten and adding 5,000 farms to territory for which irrigation water is available. Irrigation water is actually going now to nearly 20,000 farms.

\$10,000 Couldn't Hold Her.

Amboy, Ill., Dec. 8.—Mary Smith, a poor Chicago girl, who was adopted by Jas. Pankhurst, a wealthy farmer, and his wife, August 13, 1915, with the understanding she was to remain single and act as a companion to the aged couple and receive \$10,000 upon their death, has grown tired of the bargain and will return to Chicago next Monday.

"Money isn't everything in this world," she said today. "I want the right to live as I please. I simply find that I do not like to live in the country." Mary Smith was selected by Pankhurst and his wife from many applicants who responded to their published appeal for an attractive girl who would make her home with them in return for a guarantee of \$10,000 at their death.

The attempt by the elderly couple to make a city-bred girl into one content to spend her days with them in the country gained much publicity at the time.

MAMMOTH CAVE HOTEL BURNS TO GROUND

Registers Containing Autograph Signatures of Famous Personages Lost.

Mammoth Cave, Ky., 9.—The original Mammoth Cave Hotel, part of which was built in 1811, was destroyed by fire, which, starting from an unknown cause at 3 o'clock this morning, consumed the building within two hours. The employees of the hotel escaped, but lost all their belongings. Practically nothing was saved. The loss is about \$50,000. There were few guests.

All the registers of the hotel and cave, which contained perhaps the greatest collection in existence of autograph signatures of famous men and women, were destroyed. The registers, which in part were more than a century old, contained the names of such famous personages as the late King Edward of England, Jenny Lind, Edwin Booth, the Grand Duke Alexis of Russia and Don Pedro of Brazil.

While the ruins were still smoking this morning visitors who arrived on the morning train were sent on a tour of the cave at the scheduled hour.

The famous "cottage row," which was built in 1832, was burned to the ground, as was the main hotel. The Mammoth Cave Hotel was perhaps the most historic structure of its kind in the United States, as the first part of it was built in 1811 and was used in 1812 to shelter the miners who secured the saltpeter from Mammoth Cave to make gunpowder for the War of 1812.

The dining room and ballroom were made of hand-hewn timbers, and it is related that among those who assisted in building this part of the hotel were many of the friends and neighbors of Abraham Lincoln's family. A part of the hotel was originally built of logs and later weatherboarded.

DUTCH AND GREEK PURCHASING WHEAT

Chicago, Dec. 7.—The Dutch and Greek Governments were heavy buyers of wheat in the United States last week. They took 2,250,000 bushels in addition to purchases already made this week.

Enormous quantities of flour were taken by the French and other governments in all positions. The buying of wheat for export caused reactions and advances of 2½¢ to 3½¢ from the lowest levels. A great deal of wheat has been sold on the Hudson Bay Company was offering to resell several million bushels of wheat held at Montreal because of the lack of tonnage in which to carry the grain to the importing nations. Before the close of the session a report received here from an authority in Montreal said that the governments owning the wheat in storage there sold a few small lots in order to accommodate other exporters who wanted to fill out small tonnage.

Millions of bushels of wheat have been sold during the past two weeks in the way of hedges against the cash article, which is now being carried in various positions. Those who own wheat here and many elevators and cash handlers of the southwest who own wheat have put on hedges at Chicago.

Tornado Sweeps Town.

New Orleans, La., Dec. 8.—Reports received here from Shreveport, La., and Alexandria, La., state that Atlanta, in Winn Parish, was virtually destroyed by a storm that swept

a path 200 feet wide through there at an early hour this morning.

Reports differ as to the number of killed, one stating the child of J. O. Mayo, a farmer, six miles west of Atlanta, was killed, while the others declare he was killed.

Property damage was estimated at \$60,000. Thirty-five dwellings, six business houses and three churches were blown away.

RECORD BROKEN WHEN BULL SELLS FOR \$15,100

Chicago, Dec. 9.—The 1916 International Livestock Exposition, which closed today, was a record-breaker in more than one way. The show this year surpassed all others in attendance, the number of entries and the prices paid for prize-winning cattle.

Kentucky broke one record when a Hereford bull, owned by Col. E. H. Taylor, Jr., was sold at auction for \$15,100 to Senator Camden, of Versailles. The bull that brought this record price was Woodford VI, Woodford VI, is by Woodford and out of Belle Perfection XIX. Bidding was kept up to the \$10,000 mark and was carried from that point to \$15,000 by Warren T. McCray, of Kentland, Ind., candidate in the Republican primaries last fall for Governor of Indiana.

This sale will give the Hereford fans something to crow over for many months, as the rivalry between the Hereford and Angus breeders is intense. Col. W. H. Roe, of Shelbyville, who attended the sale of Hereford, bought Beau Perfection XLVIII, a young bull, for \$5,100.

Jesse James' Watch On Exhibition.

A massive gold watch that is said to have been worn for years by the outlaw, Jesse James, and to have been in his pocket when he was killed, is on display at Hardwick's jewelry store. It is now the property of Harry Ray, of Owensboro. The watch is said to have been taken from Judge R. H. Roundtree, soon after the James boys robbed the bank at Russellville. A stage coach on which Judge Roundtree was a passenger bound for Mammoth Cave was held up and the watch taken at that time.

The watch is a solid 18k case with the finest movement in it that was known at that time. It is still in perfect condition and keeps time splendidly.—[Hopkinsville New Era.]

TUCK & CO. OFFERING BIG PRICES FOR TOBACCO

Will Receive All Pooled Tobacco At \$1.00 Advance On Trash and 50c Advance On Other Grades.

AS PER THEIR LETTER BELOW

To the Tobacco Growers of the Green River District:

Beginning Monday, Dec. 11, 1916, we will be open to receive at factory of the Ross-Vaughn Tobacco Co. at Hartford, Ky., Fordville, Ky., Whitesville, Ky., Calloun, Ky., Cloverport, Ky., Owensboro, Ky., all pooled or unpooled tobacco at following prices based on grades which are same in value as those offered by the Farmers' Co-Operative Tobacco Association.

No. 1 leaf	\$12.50
No. 2 leaf	10.50
No. 3 leaf	9.00
No. 4 leaf	8.00
No. 5 leaf	7.50
No. 1 lugs	\$10.00
No. 2 lugs	9.00
No. 3 lugs	8.50
No. 4 lugs	8.00
No. 5 lugs	7.50
All trash	7.50
All frosted tobacco	\$6.00 up.

G. O. TUCK & CO.

Weekly Visits For 25 Years, Obion, Tenn., Dec. 7, 1916.

Mr. F. L. Felix, Dear Sir:—Enclosed find \$1.00 for my home paper. Have been living in Tennessee near twenty-five years and all of that time The Herald has been making its weekly visits, and if it happens to be lost in the mail it is like missing a letter from home.

Respectfully,
MRS. C. M. FERGUSON.

The German commercial submarine Deutschland, completing a quick trip home from the United States, arrived at noon today, Dec. 10th, off the mouth of the Weser.

CALLS MEETING TO FIGHT UNION

Matthew Hale, Jarred By Pinchot-Robin

SCHEME-WON'T COMPROMISE

Willing to Co-operate in Every Way With the Liberal Element of Either Party.

PRESIDENT WILSON INDORSED

Washington, Dec. 8.—A call for a conference of those Progressives who are not in sympathy with former leaders of the party "in asking the Republican Old Guard to give us places on the Republican Executive Committee" was issued here tonight by Matthew Hale, of Massachusetts, as acting chairman of the Progressive National Committee. The step follows the overtures made by Raymond Robins, Gifford Pinchot and others at a meeting in Chicago this week for a voice in the management of Republican party affairs.

The Progressive Organization Committee and members of the old Progressive National Committee who have been cooperating with this committee are asked to meet in New York December 15 to arrange plans for the conference which is to be held in St. Louis during the winter. In his call Mr. Hale says that the liberals of the nation "must organize regardless of their past party affiliations and regardless of their choice for President this fall," and that it is to form a nucleus for such a new and broader liberal organization that the St. Louis conference is called.

Principles Above Party.

"We Progressives have always been more interested in the success of the principles for which we are fighting than in the existence of our party as a separate entity," says the call. "We have always been ready to support either of the old parties when either of them commits itself definitely and irrevocably to a really liberal program. Until then, however, we are not Democrats; we are not Republicans; we are Progressives."

"Many of us thought that President Wilson had gone far toward committing the Democratic party nationally to such a liberal program, therefore we voted for him. We felt that the Republican party was committed to a policy of reaction and that the Republican candidate was committed to a policy of evasion. Therefore we refused to follow those of our former heads who attempted to persuade us that the Republican party had become progressive merely because a few of these former Progressive leaders had been given prominent but powerless positions on a Republican Campaign Committee. For the same reason we now refuse to join these Progressive Republicans in asking the Republican Old Guard to give us places on a Republican Executive Committee as proof of the liberalization of the Republican party."

Stand Against Old Guard.

"We are unwilling to compromise with the Old Guard of either party. We are willing to co-operate in every way with the liberal element of either party. We stand ready to help President Wilson at all times and in all ways in his fight to liberalize the Democratic party and we stand ready to help Hiram Johnson, of California, at all times and in all ways in his fight to liberalize the Republican party."

"Sooner or later, the liberal elements of all parties and of all sections, North and South, East and West, will unite to form a really coherent and a really national liberal party—perhaps under one of the old party standards, perhaps under a new standard—and will complete the work begun so splendidly by Woodrow Wilson and Hiram Johnson. We Progressives must be ready to devote our lives to this work. We must see clearly that success cannot come through compromise or through barter, but that success can come through unflinching loyalty to Progressive principles, and through undaunted courage in fighting those who oppose these principles."